## Week 8 Problems Notes Heteroskedasticity Problems

## Manu Navjeevan

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• For variance regression test, we have that for a test with S regressors,

$$N \times R^2 \sim \chi^2_{(S-1)}$$

- This is a large sample test under the null hypothesis that all other coeffecients are 0
- Also referred to as Lagrange Multiplier Test or Breusch Pagan Test.
- If we do this using the x's and squares of x's and possible cross product, call it the white test
- Generalized least squares estimator for  $\beta$  depends on the unknown  $\sigma_i^2$ . Want to minimize the loss function.
  - To do this, we will need to specify a form for the variance. For example, we would say that  $\sigma_i^2 = \sigma^2 x_i$ . Then we divide everything by  $\sqrt{x}$  and we'll see that our new model has the same beta's but is homoskedastic.
  - New transformed constant term is not a constant, so keep in mind
  - Once we do this, estimate with least squares
- In generalized least squares, we may not know the form of the variance. We could generalize this and say that

$$\sigma_i^2 = \sigma^2 x_i^{\gamma}$$

From here we would normalize by dividing all our variables by  $x^{\gamma/2}$ 

- Now what remains is to estimate  $\gamma$ . We may follow similar steps as in variance regression above
- Taking logs:

$$\ln(\sigma_i^2) = \ln(\sigma^2) + \gamma \ln(x_i)$$

 $-\gamma$  can then be estimated by least squares, regressing  $\ln(\sigma_i^2)$  against  $\ln(x_i)$ .